

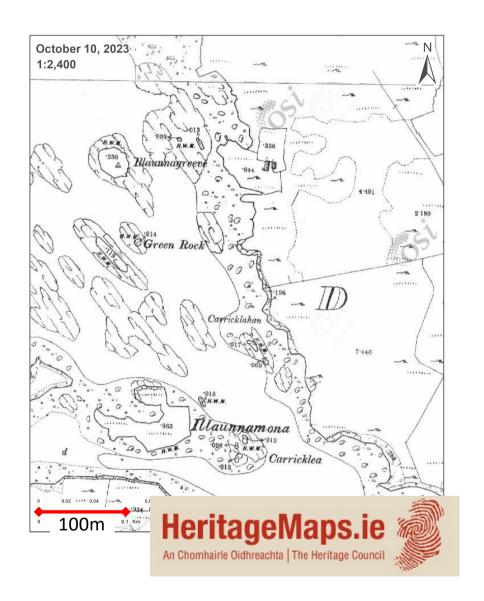
Georeferencing Irish localities

Ireland is a densely named country, and placenames have long histories in two languages.

This means that localities can be precisely described, but also adds complexity to the georeferencing process.

Two particularly useful resources are 1) Logainm placename database and 2) Historic 6" and 25" Ordnance Survey Ireland (OSI) maps, which are available as base maps through various portals (as shown in the following slides).

These provide a level of detail which is not always available in modern digital maps, and they are especially useful in a museum setting where collections span multiple centuries.



However

- Logainm is a placenames database, which uses OpenStreetMap but has limited mapping capabilities
- The GIS portals which allow access to the historic OSI maps can't be searched by placename and have less useful modern base maps (in most cases).

Therefore, we often use up to four resources at a time — one for place names, one for historic maps and geology layers, one for modern maps and making measurements, and one for offsets/uncertainties (the georeferencing calculator).

The following slides illustrate the benefits, limitations and key functionality of the online resources we are using.







Georeferencing Calculator

s only (e.g., 27°34'23.4" N, 121°56'42.3" W)

Logainm https://www.logainm.ie/en/



"The Placenames Database of Ireland: This is a comprehensive management system for the placenames data, records and research of the State."

BENEFITS	LIMITATIONS
The best for finding Irish placenames – historical names, names in Irish and English etc.	No measurement or drawing tools
Includes some information for Northern Ireland	No geology
Provides lat-long of 'centrepoint'	No OSI 6" or 25" base layers
Polygons for most localities	
Shows choice of features with the same name	
Gives coordinates in ITM, Irish Grid and WGS84	

Best for finding places in Ireland – doesn't have the mapping functionality

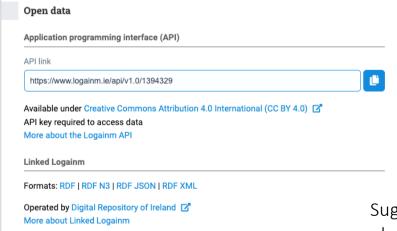
Centrepoint

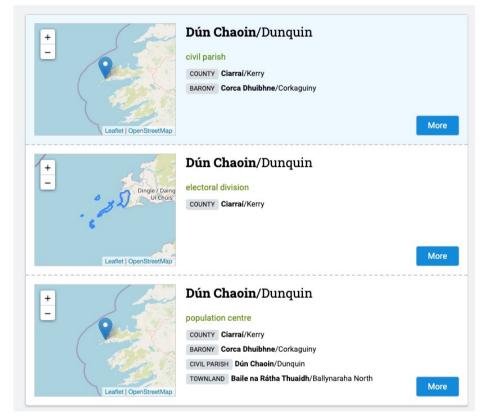


Centrepoint (note sometimes the centrepoint of a larger parent feature)



API





Versions of the same name

Suggests similar placenames

 $\textbf{Similar placenames} \cdot \text{Drumquin} \cdot \text{Dunbin} \cdot \text{Dunedin} \cdot \text{Dunguib} \cdot \text{Dunmain} \cdot \text{Dinin} \cdot \text{Duncrun} \cdot \text{Dundian} \cdot \text{Dunsink} \cdot \text{Dunurlin}$

Geohive

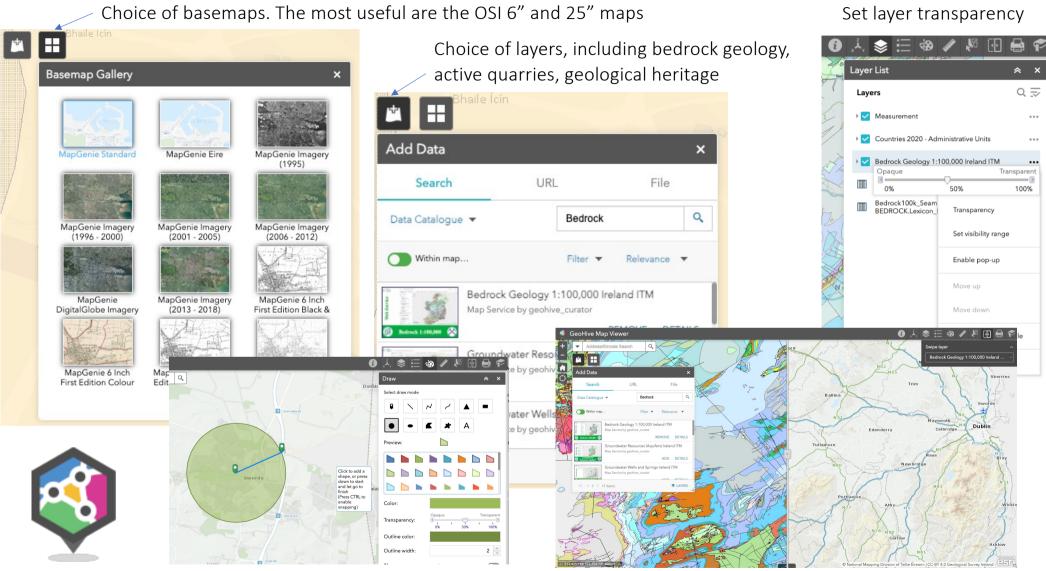
https://www.geohive.ie/



"Ireland's National Geospatial Data Hub. Search, view, and access the State's authoritative geospatial information via interactive map applications and data catalogues."

BENEFITS	LIMITATIONS
OSI Historic 6" and 25" base layers	Can't search for placenames (unless townland or Eircode)
GSI geology bedrock layers	Modern MapGenie base map lacks detail compared to OpenStreetMaps or Google
Add shapes and points	Can't edit or adjust shapes/points once drawn.
Measuring tool	No detail for Northern Ireland
Multiple coordinate systems (ITM, Irish Grid and WGS84)	

Great for the combination of bedrock Geology and historic OSI maps – but no useful search functionality, prepare to spend a lot of time zooming and scrolling.



Draw and measure

Toggle between layer and base layer

Heritage Maps

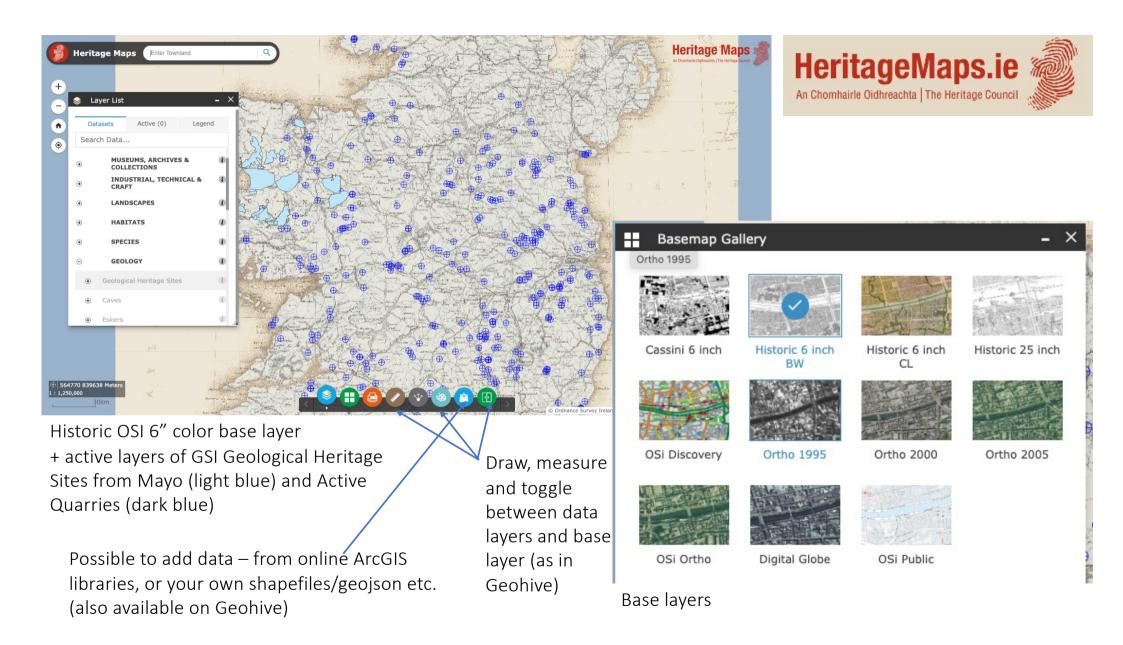
https://heritagemaps.ie/



"The Heritage Maps viewer is a web-based spatial data viewer which focuses on the built, cultural and natural heritage around Ireland and off shore. [...] Heritage Maps can be used to create customized maps, measure area and distance, identify points of interest and study local flora and fauna, as well as many other uses, both recreational and research-based."

BENEFITS	LIMITATIONS
OSI 6" and 25" base layers	Search only by townland
OSI Discovery base layer	Can't edit or adjust shapes/points once drawn.
Geology bedrock layers	No detail for Northern Ireland
Can add shapes and points	
Measuring tool	
Multiple coordinate systems (ITM, Irish Grid and WGS84)	

Much the same as Geohive - but with some extra base layers which are useful. More focused on relevant resources (heritage, geology) and can therefore be quicker to navigate than Geohive.



Irish Townland and Historic Map Viewer

"For users particularly interested in OSi Historic Mapping, we have developed the Historic Maps & Townland viewer which enables users to search for Townlands, view historical features, and choose from a set of historical and current basemaps."

https://osi.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=bc56a1cf08844a2aa2609aa92e89497e&extent=715366.6263%2C731368.3537%2C715971.8619%2C731744.7243%2C2157

BENEFITS	LIMITATIONS
OSI 6" and 25" base layers	Search only by townland
Historic data layers (e.g., locations of Quarries from 1830s OSI maps)	Modern MapGenie base map lacks detail compared to OpenStreetMaps or Google
Additional metadata e.g., dates of survey and publication of historic map sheets	No measurements or drawing tools
	No detail for Northern Ireland
	No geology

Extra metadata available about base layers, and additional data layers which are not available elsewhere – but can't make measurements, and no geology layers.



View including historic quarries and gravel pit layers, and 6" map sheet boundaries marked

Geolocate

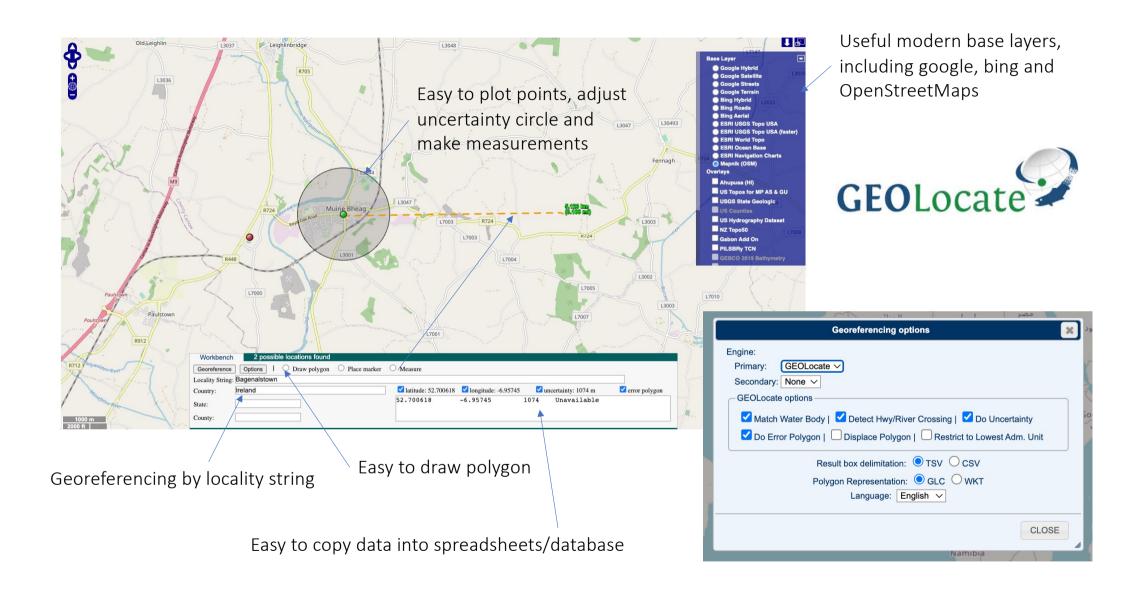
https://www.geo-locate.org/web/WebGeoref.aspx

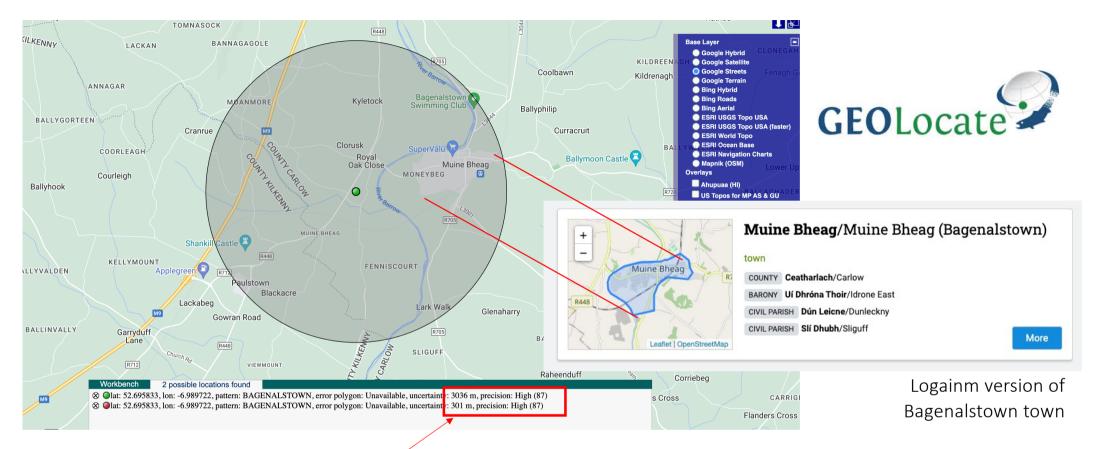


"A Platform for Georeferencing Natural History Collections Data. The GEOLocate project is an effort to develop software and services for translating textual locality descriptions associated with biodiversity collections data into geographic coordinates."

BENEFITS	LIMITATIONS
Base layers include Google/OpenMaps	No Irish geology
Global (but best for United States)	Not great for Irish placenames/counties
Easy way to get the geographic radial	
Direct access through plugin for Arctos (and other natural history database software)	
Collaborative georeferencing possible	
Easy to measure and draw polygons	
Plots offsets	

Great for plotting a point measuring and getting the geographic radial - not ideal for Irish localities





Most Irish localities require further research

Example: Bagenalstown (= Muine Bheag) as plotted by Geolocate – the point is close but doesn't correspond to either the townlands or the town with that name.

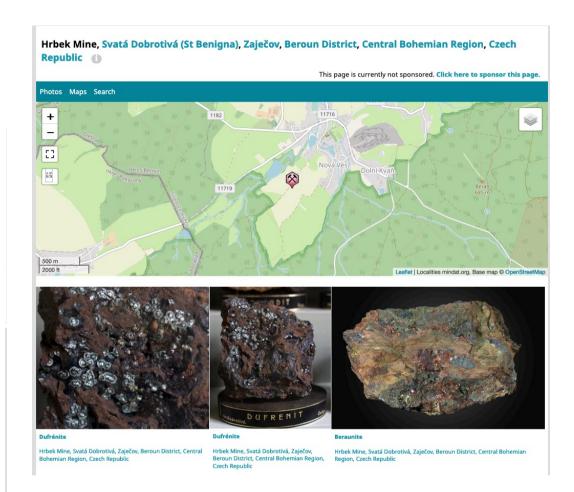
Note that **3036m** and **301m** are **default uncertainties**. All Irish counties are plotted with the default uncertainty of 3036m (which much smaller than the actual uncertainty).

Additional resources

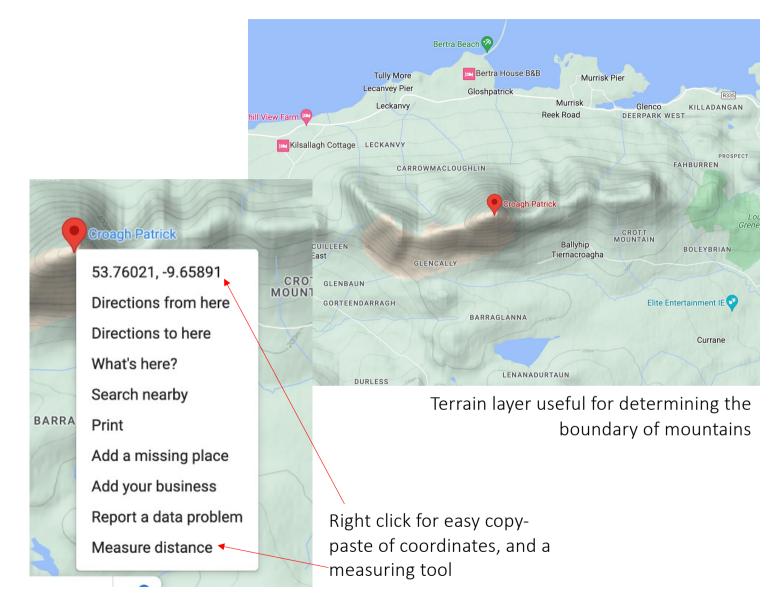
Mindat

Latitude & Longitude (WGS84):	49° 45' 34" North , 13° 50' 6" East	
Latitude & Longitude (decimal):	49.75953,13.83510	
GeoHash:	G#: u2cg4f6qj	
GRN:	N34E07	
Туре:	Mine	
Köppen climate type:	Cfb : Temperate oceanic climate	

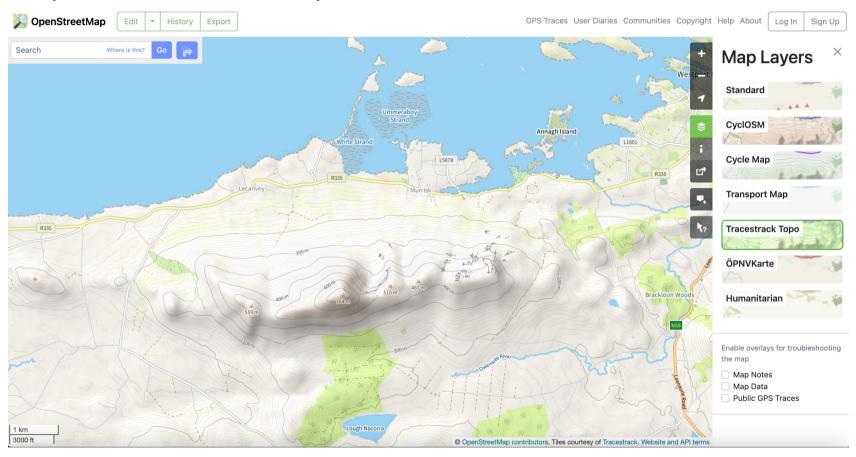
Nearest Settlements:	Place	Population	Distance
	Zaječov	1,341 (2018)	1.7km NNE
	Olešná	405 (2018)	2.9km NW
	Těně	230 (2018)	2.9km WSW
	Jivina	170 (2018)	3.8km N
	Cheznovice	729 (2018)	4.2km WNW
Mindat Locality ID:	762		
Long-form identifier:	mindat:1:2:762:6		
GUID (UUID V4):	59a7e257-b4c6-434a-a726-d862aead28cd		



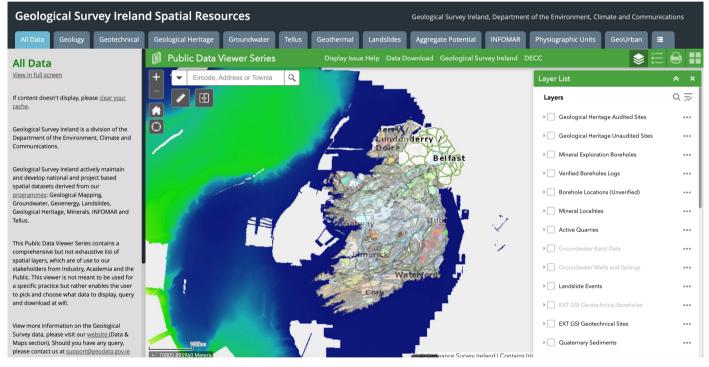
Google



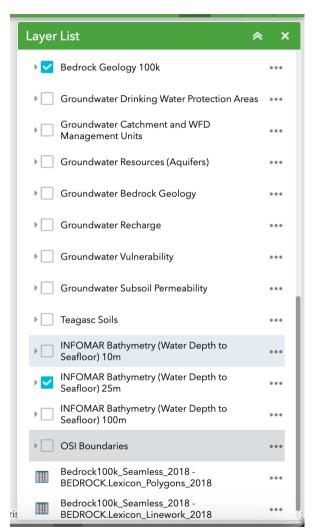
Open Street Map



Geological Survey Ireland



Geological layers. Most of the same GIS layer data can also be accessed through Geohive/Heritagemaps, which have the added advantage of the OSI baselayers



TOWNLANDS.ie

Irish townlands (baronies, parishes...)

Includes Northern Ireland

Links with OpenStreetMap and Logainm



Irish Townlands



Search for a townland, civil parish, barony, electoral division or county

Search Q

Based on data in OpenStreetMap, here is a list of counties in Ireland.

Click on each county to see baronies, civil parishes and townlands in the respective county.

This page should be updated (roughly) daily. The OpenStreetMap community is adding more data regularly. See how much we have done and how

much we have left to do, how long it'll take us to finish

■ Alphabetical index of townlands

Ireland

328 baronies, 2,509 civil parishes, 4,563 electoral divis

Counties

- Antrim. 14 baronies, 81 civil parishes, 136 elector
- · Armagh. 6 baronies, 43 civil parishes, 70 elector
- Carlow. 7 baronies, 48 civil parishes, 54 electora



Area

Bantry has an area of 239.7 km² / 59,229.0 acres / 92.5 square miles

Civil Parishes

There are 2 civil parishes in Bantry.

- Durrus (28 townlands)
- Kilmocomoge (204 townlands)

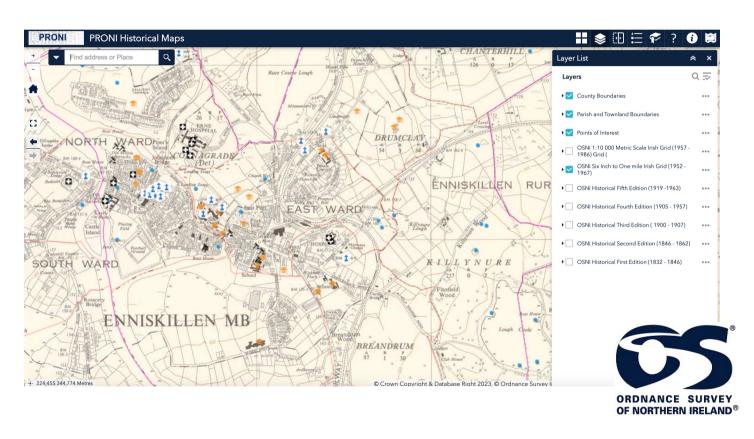
Townlands

There are 195 townlands that we know about in Bantry. This represents 100% of all the area in Bantry.

- Abbey (An Mhainistir), Kilmocomoge Civil Parish, Barony of Bantry, Co. Cork 33 A, 1 R, 23 P
- Ahil Beg (An Achaill Bheag), Kilmocomoge Civil Parish, Barony of Bantry, Co. Cork 261 A, 0 R, 32 P
- Ahildotia (An Achaill Dóite) , Kilmocomoge Civil Parish, Barony of Bantry, Co. Cork 144 A, 3 R, 1 P
- Ahil More (An Achaill Mhór) , Kilmocomoge Civil Parish, Barony of Bantry, Co. Cork 496 A. 1 R. 5 P.
- Ardaturrish Beg, Kilmocomoge Civil Parish, Barony of Bantry, Co. Cork 411 A, 2 R, 35 P
- Ardaturrish More, Kilmocomoge Civil Parish, Barony of Bantry, Co. Cork 466 A, 2 R, 30 P

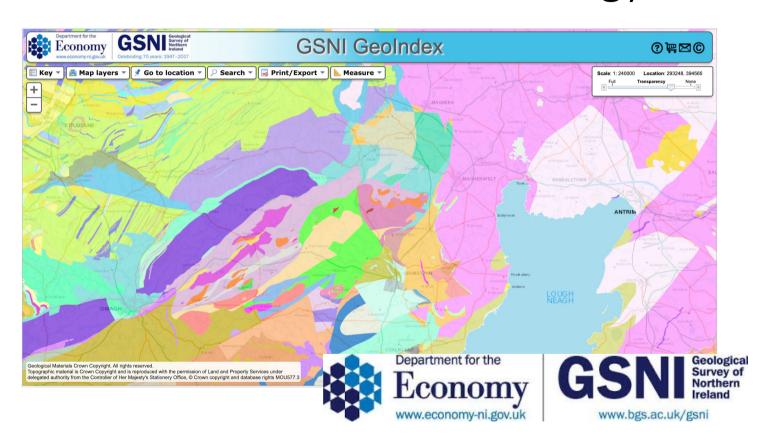
NORTHERN IRELAND - PRONI Historical Maps

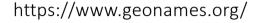
https://apps.spatialni.gov.uk/ PRONIApplication/



NORTHERN IRELAND – GSNI Bedrock Geology

https://mapapps2.bgs.ac.uk/G SNI_Geoindex/home.html







The GeoNames geographical database covers all countries and contains over eleven million placenames that are available for download free of charge.

The Getty Research Institute

https://www.getty.edu/research/tools/vocabularies/tgn/index.html



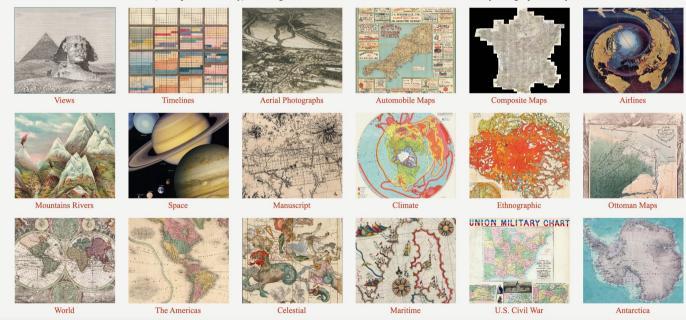
"GADM wants to map the administrative areas of all <u>countries</u>, at all levels of subdivision. We provide data at high spatial resolutions that includes an extensive set of attributes."

DAVID RUMSEY Map Collection

Welcome to the David Rumsey Map Collection. Here you can explore maps through a variety of viewers. Read the Blog to learn more about collection highlights, such as Urbano Monte's manuscript world map from 1587. Visit the physical collection at the David Rumsey Map Center at the Stanford University Library. Or take a virtual tour of the Map Center, which hosts events such as the recent Barry Lawrence Ruderman Conference on Cartography: Indigenous mapping.

The historical map collection has over 126,000 maps and related images online. The collection includes rare 16th through 21st century maps of North America, South America, Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, Antarctica, the Pacific, the Arctic, and the World. The online map collection is a searchable database that allows you to make your own journeys into spatial representations of the past. Here you can see the history of cartography through primary sources from 1500 into the 21st century.

NEW: Random Browse the collection (desktop and tablet only). 250 images at a time. Refresh the link to see 250 more. We invite you to get pleasurably lost.



Historical maps
Flexible searching
New! search text on maps



https://www.davidrumsey.com/

Fuzzy Gazetteer

Useful for mis-spellings, uncertain handwriting etc.

Falling Rain

Navigate through countries, alphabetical – very useful if you know the start of the word

https://www.fallingrain.com/world/



